

PUBLIC NOTICE AND AGENDA

County of Shasta
Community Corrections Partnership (CCP) Executive Committee Meeting
Wednesday, April 18, 2018, 2:30 pm
City Hall – Caldwell Park Conference Room, second floor
777 Cypress Avenue, Redding CA

WELCOME & INTRODUCTIONS

1. PUBLIC COMMENT

Members of the public will have the opportunity to address the Committee on any issue within the jurisdiction of the Committee. Speakers will be limited to three minutes.

2. APPROVAL OF MEETING MINUTES

Committee members will review and approve minutes from the February 14, 2018 Executive Committee Meeting.

3. FINANCIAL REPORT

Financial report on the State allocation to Shasta County.

4. DISCUSSION ITEMS

- A. Committee members shall receive a presentation from Margaret Kisliuk, Partnership Health Plan of California on the comprehensive substance use treatment program for Medi-Cal beneficiaries in Shasta County.
- B. Committee members shall receive a presentation from Nikki Balboa, Veterans Justice Outreach Specialist- Northern California.
- C. Committee members shall receive information and an update on the PRCS Video Conferencing Pilot.
- D. Committee members shall receive an update on the local innovation subaccount and the Juvenile Crime Prevention Project.

5. ACTION ITEMS

Committee members shall receive an update on the Crisis Intervention Trainings and consider funding for additional costs in the amount not to exceed \$5,000 from the CCP Planning dollars.

6. OPERATIONAL UPDATES

7. OTHER ITEMS FOR DISCUSSION/FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

8. MEETING SCHEDULES

Executive	May 23, 2018	Caldwell Park Conference Room	2:30 pm to 5:00 pm
Advisory	June 20, 2018	Caldwell Park Conference Room	2:30 pm to 5:00 pm
Executive	July 18, 2018	Caldwell Park Conference Room	2:30 pm to 5:00 pm

9. ADJOURN

Executive Committee Members

Tracie Neal, Probation, Chair

Tom Bosenko, Sheriff's Office

Stephanie Bridgett, District Attorney's Office

Donnell Ewert, Health and Human Services Agency

Melissa Fowler-Bradley, Superior Court

Jeff Gorder, Public Defender's Office

Roger Moore, City of Redding Police Department

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, Shasta County will make available to any member of the public who has a disability a needed modification or accommodation, including an auxiliary aid or service, in order for that person to participate in the public meeting. A person needing assistance to attend this meeting should contact Teresa Skinner, Senior Staff Analyst at Probation at 530-245-6220 or in person or by mail at 2684 Radio Lane, Redding, CA 96001, or by email to tskinner@co.shasta.ca.us at least two working days in advance. Accommodations may include, but are not limited to, interpreters, assistive listening devices, accessible seating, or documentation in an alternate format. If requested, this document and other agenda and meeting materials can be made available in an alternate format for persons with a disability who are covered by the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Public records that relate to any of the matters on this agenda (except Closed Session items), and that have been distributed to the members of the CCP, are available for public inspection at the Shasta County Probation Department, 2684 Radio Lane, Redding, CA 96001. This document and other Community Corrections Partnership documents are available online at www.co.shasta.ca.us. Questions regarding this agenda may be directed to Teresa Skinner, Senior Staff Analyst at Probation at 530-245-6220 or by e-mail at tskinner@co.shasta.ca.us.

Community Corrections Partnership (CCP)
Executive Committee Meeting
February 14, 2018
City Hall – Civic Center Community Room
777 Cypress Avenue, Redding CA

Attendees:

Tracie Neal, Ed Miller, Erin Ceccarelli, Ruby Fierro, Chelsey Chappelle, Jeremy Kenyon, Teresa Skinner – Shasta County Probation Department
Tom Bosenko, Mike Lindsey – Shasta County Sheriff's Office
Roger Moore – City of Redding Police Department
Jeff Gorder – Shasta County Public Defender's Office
Melissa Fowler-Bradley, Shawn Watts – Shasta County Superior Court
Donnell Ewert, Dean True – Shasta County Health and Human Services Agency
Stephanie Bridgett, Ben Hanna, Dawn Duckett, Angela Mellis – Shasta County District Attorney's Office
Elaine Grossman, Terri Howat – Shasta County Administrative Office
Karen Day, Jennifer Cross – Department of Adult Parole Operations
Amanda Owens, Danielle Gehrung – Shasta Day Reporting Center
Jackie Durant – Hope City
Melissa Hunt – City of Anderson
Alice Bell, Linda Peltier – Member of the Public

CCP Executive Committee Members are in bold.

Meeting Overview

The meeting was called to order at 2:31 p.m. A quorum was present. Introductions were made.

Public Comment

Jeff Gorder entered at 2:34 pm.

Jackie Durant updated the committee on the Nurturing Fathers program and spoke of a participant and his commitment to the program.

Approval of Meeting Minutes

Melissa Fowler-Bradley moved to approve the minutes from the January 17, 2018 Executive Committee Meeting as written. Roger Moore seconded.

Motion passed: 6 Ayes, 0 Noes, 1 Abstention (Stephanie Bridgett)

Financial Report

State Allocations

Elaine Grossman distributed a *FY 17/18 Revenue* handout and stated that the 5th payment was received and revenues are on target for the year.

Discussion Items

There were no discussion items.

Action Items

FY 2018-19 Budget Allocations and Distribution Percentages

Erin Ceccarelli distributed budget packets with items discussed at the January meeting. The committee discussed the budget items and agreed to not move forward with the Satellite Day Reporting Center Program at this time.

Jeff Gorder moved (1) to approve the budget allocations as presented with the exception of funds for the Satellite Day Reporting Center Program, and (2) to approve distribution percentages as presented. Tom Bosenko seconded the motion. Motion Passed: 6 Ayes, 0 Noes, 1 Abstention (Melissa Fowler-Bradley).

Operational Updates

Danielle Gehrung stated that the Day Reporting Center hosted a transition celebration for 17 graduates. She stated that they will be hosting an Aftercare Alumni event at Shasta Lanes on Tuesday, February 20th at 5:30 pm.

Tom Bosenko gave an update on the jail. He stated that as of February 6, they had 241 unsentenced offenders and 109 sentenced. The jail is holding 165 for serious crimes, 56 for theft, 25 for DUI, and 69 for probation violations. There are 28 in out of county beds and 36 awaiting state prison. He stated that they are still waiting on the Board of State and Community Corrections ruling to increase the number of beds in the jail. He stated that 73% of the population is unsentenced, 87% are there based on felony charges, and that 64% require maximum security. He stated that Supervisor Baugh is working on getting additional funding from the department of Agriculture for converting courtrooms 1 & 2 to bed space and programming space.

Future Agenda Items

Tracie Neal stated that they will be receiving a presentation from Partnership Health Plan in April. Donnell Ewert stated that he would like a presentation on the Compliance Team in March.

Next Meeting

Tracie Neal stated that the next meeting would be an Advisory Committee meeting on March 21st.

Adjourn

Tom Bosenko made the motion to adjourn. Roger Moore seconded the motion. Motion passed: 7 Ayes, 0 Noes.

Meeting adjourned at 3:36 p.m.

DRAFT

2011 Realignment Revenue Report

Fiscal Year 2017-18 (Twelve Months 7/1/17 - 6/30/18)

Revenue Time Period (8/16/17 - 8/15/18)

FY 17/18 Revenue

As of 4/13/18

CCPEC Agenda Item 3.

April 18, 2018

	% per CCP Revenue Appropriations	Gov Bud 1/11/18 State Revenue Estimate (no growth)	Budgeted Revenue w/growth	County Total Receipts	% Total Receipts	Balance Remaining In Projections	% Remaining Projections	Payment Monthly	History & Target Info
	100.00%	7,613,998.00	7,638,525.00	4,617,109.24	60.64%	2,996,888.76	39.36%	09/26/17	586,177.50
Sheriff (235)	8.02%	610,642.64	600,606.00	370,292.16	60.64%	240,350.48	39.36%	10/26/17	587,025.31
Jail (260)	29.31%	2,231,662.81	2,132,919.00	1,353,274.72	60.64%	878,388.10	39.36%	11/27/17	766,592.22
Work Release (246)	7.78%	592,369.04	582,632.00	359,211.10	60.64%	233,157.95	39.36%	12/27/17	584,024.20
Subtotal/Sheriff	45.11%	3,434,674.50	3,316,157.00	2,082,777.98	60.64%	1,351,896.52	39.36%	01/26/18	614,977.94
General Asst (542)	0.82%	62,434.78	61,552.00	37,860.30	60.64%	24,574.49	39.36%	02/23/18	907,383.04
Mental Health (410)	1.92%	146,188.76	139,746.00	88,648.50	60.64%	57,540.26	39.36%	03/27/18	570,929.03
Social Svcs (501)	0.71%	54,059.39	51,677.00	32,781.48	60.64%	21,277.91	39.36%	Pending	0.00
Subtotal/HHSA	3.45%	262,682.93	252,975.00	159,290.27	60.64%	103,392.66	39.36%	Pending	0.00
Probation (263)	43.54%	3,315,134.73	3,702,045.00	2,010,289.36	60.64%	1,304,845.37	39.36%	Pending	0.00
District Attorney (227)	2.93%	223,090.14	214,806.00	135,281.30	60.64%	87,808.84	39.36%	Pending	0.00
Victim Witness (256)	1.14%	86,799.58	66,801.00	52,635.05	60.64%	34,164.53	39.36%	Pending	0.00
Public Defender (207)	0.83%	63,196.18	85,741.00	38,322.01	60.64%	24,874.18	39.36%	Pending	0.00
Probation (Reserves)	3.00%	228,419.94	Included w/Prob	138,513.28	60.64%	89,906.66	39.36%	Pending	0.00
Grand Total	100.00%	7,613,998.00	7,638,525.00	4,617,109.24	60.64%	2,996,888.76	39.36%		\$4,617,109.24
								Target To Date (7 Months)	Target Monthly
								4,441,498.83	634,499.83
								% Target To Date (7 Months)	
								103.95%	

D/DPD: To fund cost associated with revocation proceeding involving persons subject to state parole, pursuant to 30025 of the California Government Code.

District Attorney (227)	50.00%	138,261.50	122,894.00	83,703.06	60.54%	54,558.45	39.46%	09/26/17	21,253.49
Public Defender (207)	50.00%	138,261.50	122,894.00	83,703.06	60.54%	54,558.45	39.46%	10/26/17	21,284.23
Grand Total	100.00%	276,523.00	245,788.00	167,406.11	60.54%	109,116.89	39.46%	11/27/17	27,794.93
								12/27/17	21,175.42
								01/26/18	22,297.73
								02/23/18	32,899.69
								03/27/18	20,700.62
								Pending	0.00
								Pending	0.00
								Pending	0.00
								Pending	0.00
								Pending	0.00
								Pending	0.00

[State figures subject to change.]

Target
Monthly
23,043.58

Target
To Date
(7 Months)
161,305.08

% Target
To Date
(7 Months)
103.78%



 **About Us**



Mission:
To help our members, and the communities we serve, be healthy.

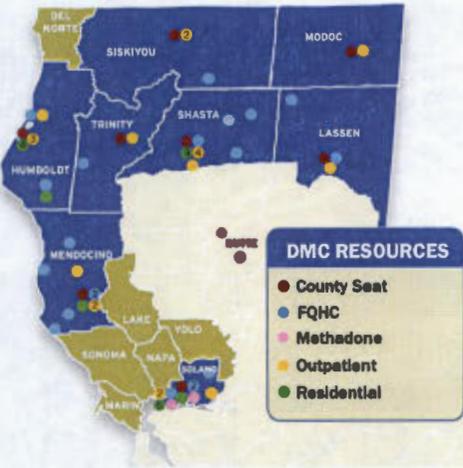
Vision:
To be the most highly regarded managed care plan in California.

Eureka | Fairfield | Redding | Santa Rosa



The Regional Model

- Expanded Benefits
- Full continuum of services
- Central Access Line
- Standardized Medical Necessity Criteria - ASAM
- Care coordination across systems
 - Primary Care
 - Mental Health
 - Substance Use



Eureka | Fairfield | Redding | Santa Rosa



Drug Medi-Cal Services UNDER THE WAIVER

- Outpatient treatment, including intensive outpatient services
- Residential services (up to 90 days)
- Case management
- Withdrawal management (“detox”)
- Recovery services (community support)
- Medication assisted treatment including narcotic replacement therapy (methadone), buprenorphine, naltrexone

- New
➔
• Residential services (up to 90 days)
- New
➔
• Case management
- New
➔
• Withdrawal management (“detox”)
- New
➔
• Recovery services (community support)

Eureka | Fairfield | Redding | Santa Rosa



Strategies for Effective Implementation

- Ensure Medi-Cal enrollment or re-instatement upon release with clear linkage to care and necessary medications
- Effective referral and case management processes
- Close partnership with criminal justice agencies

Eureka | Fairfield | Redding | Santa Rosa



Data Request

- Data on individuals on probation, PRCS or mandatory probation
- Medi-Cal status of people being released and practices for linking these individuals to Medi-Cal
- Ways to identify those needing care for complex physical health, mental health, or substance use conditions
- Areas for collaboration and outreach

Eureka | Fairfield | Redding | Santa Rosa



Enhancing Program Success

- Effective outreach efforts
- Recognize special needs of criminal justice populations
- Identify best practices for referrals and linkages to treatment including mental health and physical health care
- Explore ways to link incarcerated individuals to treatment immediately on release
- Other areas to explore?

Eureka | Fairfield | Redding | Santa Rosa



Goals

- Safer communities: Data clearly show reduced recidivism from the availability of effective treatment systems.
- Improved health outcomes for individuals linked to the criminal justice system
- Cost savings to the community; the criminal justice system; and to the health care system

Eureka | Fairfield | Redding | Santa Rosa



Contact Us

Visit:

<http://www.partnershiphp.org/Providers/HealthServices/Pages/Drug%20Medi-Cal/Drug-Medi-Cal-Benefit.aspx>

Email: DrugMediCalPHC@partnershiphp.org

Eureka | Fairfield | Redding | Santa Rosa



Questions?

Eureka | Fairfield | Redding | Santa Rosa

Drug Medi-Cal Organized Delivery System (DMC-ODS): A Regional Approach

New SUD Benefits under Medi-Cal

California's Medi-Cal 2020 1115(a) Waiver Demonstration Project paves the way for counties to increase access to substance use disorder (SUD) treatment services for adolescents and adults who are eligible for Medi-Cal. It expands Drug Medi-Cal (DMC) reimbursable services beyond outpatient, intensive outpatient, and opioid (narcotic) treatment program to create a full continuum of care that includes withdrawal management, medication-assisted treatment, short-term residential, case management, care coordination with physical and mental health, and recovery support services once treatment is completed.

Under this new model, treatment and placement decisions are guided by the American Society of Addiction Medicine (ASAM) criteria. Medical necessity is determined by a licensed physician or other provider. Beneficiaries will access services through central access and after-hours lines, which are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Beneficiaries will receive a short ASAM screening, then be connected to the appropriate level of care.

Counties/regions opting in to the model need state and federal approval for their programs and fiscal structure.

A Regional Approach

Partnership HealthPlan of California (PHC) is working with eight of its 14 member counties – Humboldt, Lassen, Mendocino, Modoc, Shasta, Siskiyou, Solano, and Trinity – to prepare a substance use system expected to be rolled out July 1, 2018.

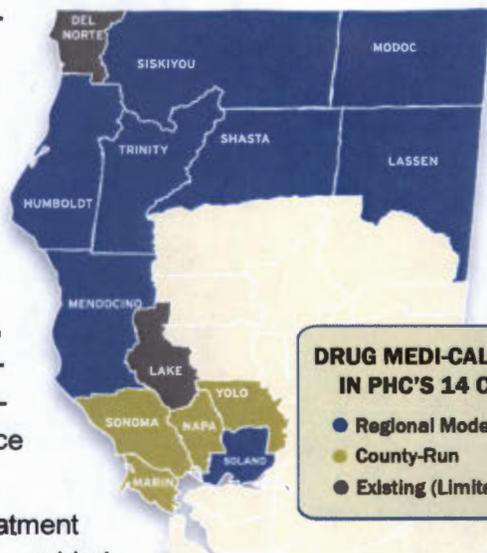
PHC and these eight counties are working together to achieve integrated physical health and SUD services through the proposed Regional Model. Individuals on Medi-Cal in these counties will be able to access the broad range of SUD services. Health care services provided by PHC will be more comprehensive and effective as a result.

Benefits of the Regional Model

The Regional Model will bring greater investments in substance use services, drawing from expected savings in other parts of the system, such as reduced emergency room and hospital stays. Other benefits in the Regional Model include:

DRUG MEDI-CAL SERVICES IN PHC'S 14 COUNTIES

- Regional Model
- County-Run
- Existing (Limited) Model



- Allowing participation by small rural counties that would not otherwise be able to take advantage of the expanded benefits.

- The increased Medi-Cal reimbursements will make other funds, such as the federal Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant, available to be spent on services not covered under the Medi-Cal model, such as supportive housing.

- More robust rates for providers can support more highly trained staff, expanded use of evidence based practices, and use of electronic health records.

- New case management and care coordination services can support improved health, mental health and SUD care and contribute to overall reductions in health care costs.

- Additional levels of care and services will help beneficiaries suffering from an SUD to receive the right services, at the right time, in the right setting, and for the right duration, and contribute to improved health care outcomes.

The Regional Model Implementation Plan can be accessed at www.partnershiphp.org.

For more information, please contact Margaret Kisliuk at mkisliuk@partnershiphp.org or Liz Leslie at leslie@partnershiphp.org. You can also submit questions to drugmedicalphc@partnershiphp.org



Veterans Justice Outreach

Nikki Balboa, LCSW, VA Northern California Health Care System
Veterans Justice Outreach Training
2018



Overview

- VJO Mission
- VJO Role
- Veteran needs
- VA services
- VA Eligibility



Veterans Justice Outreach (VJO)

“The purpose of the VJO Initiative is to assist in avoiding unnecessary criminalization of mental illness and extended incarceration among Veterans by ensuring that eligible Veterans in contact with the criminal justice system have access to:

VHA mental health and substance abuse services when clinically indicated , and other VA services and benefits as appropriate.”

- *Department of Veteran Affairs, April 30, 2009, Under Secretary for Health's Information Letter*



Penal Codes

- 1170.9 (2015) Trial Court Sentencing
- 1001.80 (2017) Military Diversion Program

https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displayText.xhtml



Justice-Involved Veterans

- In contact with local law enforcement and who can be appropriately diverted from arrest to mental health treatment or services
- In a local jail, either pretrial or serving a sentence
- Involved in monitoring by the court



The VJO Specialist Will:

- Provide direct outreach, assessment, and case management for justice-involved Veterans in local courts and jail.
- Assist with eligibility determination, enrollment, and referral to both VA and non-VA services upon release.
- Provide training to local law enforcement on Veterans' issues and give strategies to help work with Veterans



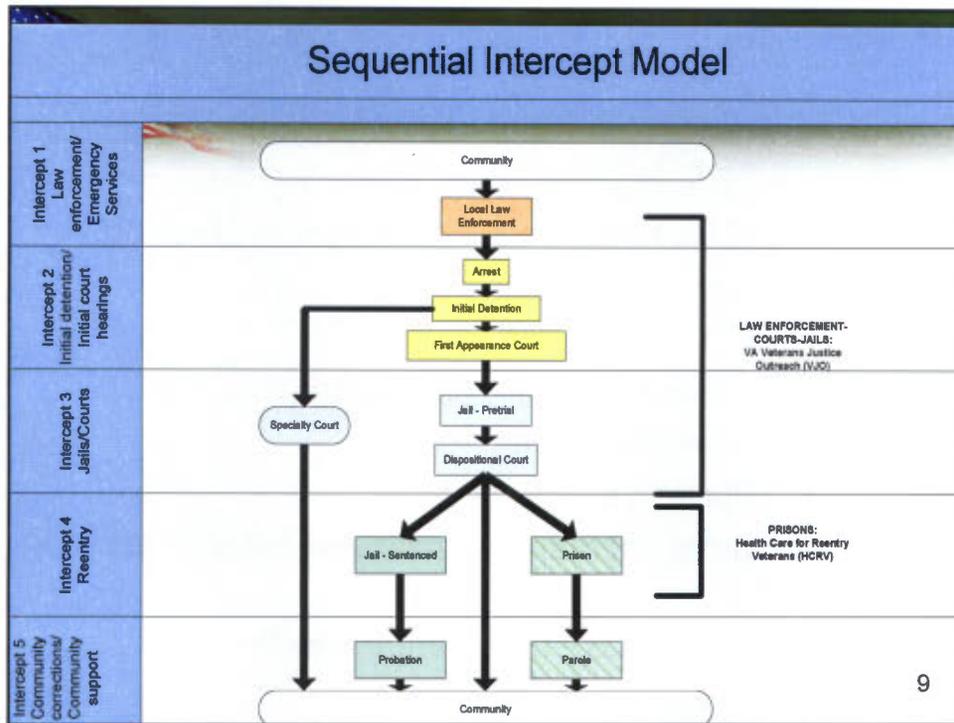
The VJO Specialist Will:

- Provide information and education to courts and attorneys about Veterans' issues and services available.
- Collaborate with judges and specialty courts to connect Veterans to VA treatment services and homeless programs.



VETERANS IN JAILS

- Most recent United States Justice Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) (2002) data, indicates 9.3% of people incarcerated are veterans.
 - **70% non-violent**
 - **82% of those released from jails are eligible for VA**
- BJS (2006) 60% of all US jail inmates had mental health problem.
 - **5 in 6 with MH Dx had received no previous**
- BJS (2002) found 65% had alcohol or drug dependency problem
- Historically, reports of Vietnam and Post-Vietnam era veterans with histories of civilian and military trauma suggest an association between trauma and subsequent contact with the legal system



Needs of Justice-Involved Veterans



- Employment
- Housing
- Benefits
- Re-entry Coordination
- Transportation
- Treatment
 - MH/PTSD
 - Addiction
 - TBI
 - MST
- Family issues
 - Domestic Violence/Abuse
 - Child support



VA Services

- Health Care for Homeless Veterans (HCHV) contract and emergency housing
- Grant Per Diem Services
- HUD/VASH
- Inpatient mental health and substance abuse treatment
- TBI clinic's
- Outpatient mental health and substance use programs
- Primary Care and Mental Health



Expected Outcomes

- Reduce recidivism
- Stabilize behavior
- Reduce court/jail costs
- Save a life



VJO Does NOT

- VJO's do not provide Veteran's with legal advise
 - **Instead, we wish to work with public defender's in coordinating care**
- VJO's do not advocate for a specific legal outcome
 - **Instead, we educate on Veteran issues, concerns and services and still hold Vets accountable**
- VJO's do not represent the Veteran in legal issues
 - **Instead, we assist the Veteran in navigating the legal system and accessing VA services. We're "the treatment side"**



Veteran's Criminal Justice Issues

- Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)
- Substance Use Disorders (SUDS)
- Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)
- Military Sexual Trauma (MST)
- Other mental health issues
- Can result in
 - **DUI's**
 - **Possession & Drug Charges**
 - **Domestic Violence**
 - **And more...**



Veteran's Criminal Justice Issues

- TBI
- Drug and Alcohol use
- PTSD
- Other mental health issues

- Can also result in
 - **Court process confusion**
 - **Lack of specialized treatment for Veteran's in community**
 - **Missed court dates or treatment follow through=wasted resources**



Benefit of VJO

- Provide Veterans with "Veteran-informed" treatment through the VA for these conditions
 - **All free to qualified Veterans**
 - **Lowers costs for communities**
- Provide regular treatment updates to the treatment court team
 - **Can lessen workload for others**
- Provides individualized treatment
 - **More "buy in" for Veterans**
- Provides support to Veterans
- Collaborative approach to community needs



Veterans Treatment Court

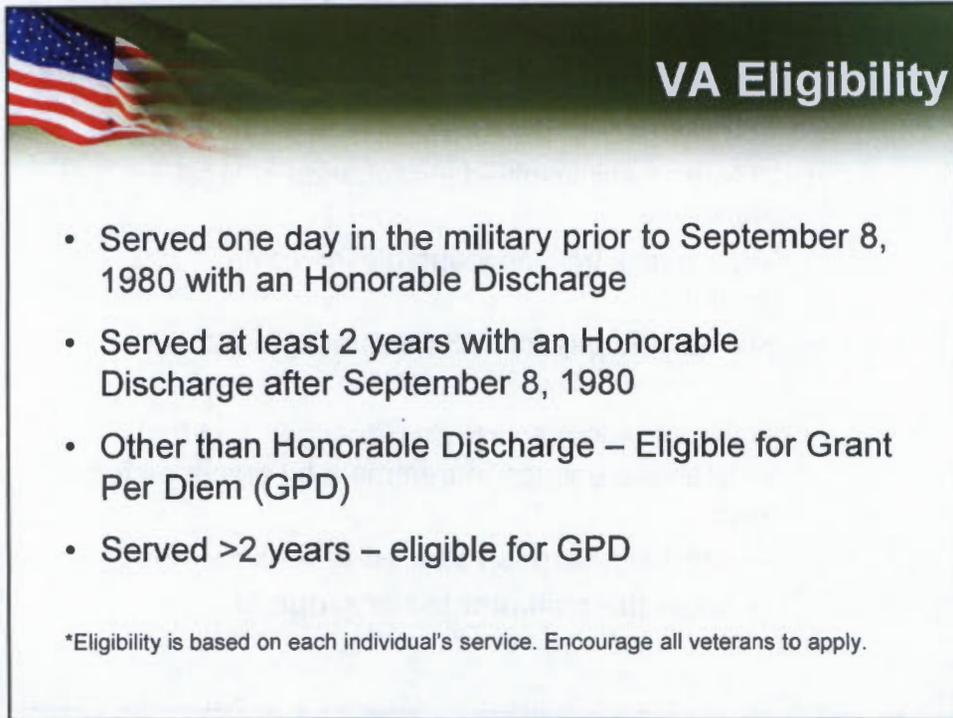
- Veteran's still involved in probation or legal mandates
- Veteran still held accountable for victim restitution
- Still have to pay for DUI/Batterer's Treatment

- However, some courts provide incentives for Veterans to engage in treatment by an option to have:
 - **eligible charges reduced to lower levels**
 - **court fines eliminated or reduced**



VA Eligibility

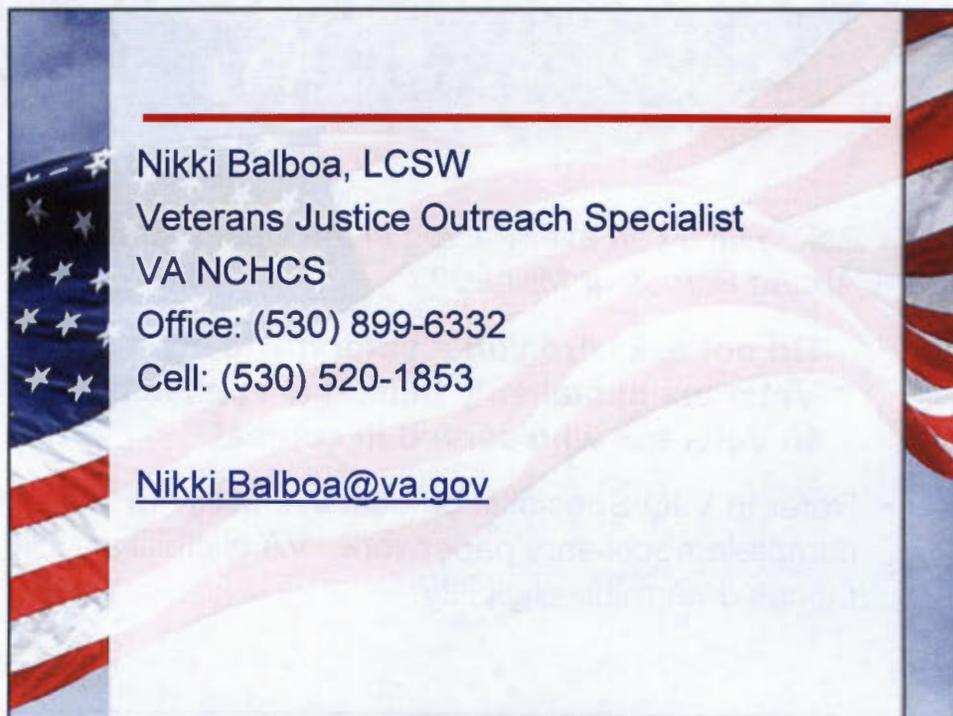
- Ask: *Have you ever served in the United States Armed Forces or Military?*
 - **Do not ask: Are you a Veteran? Many Veterans mistakenly think this applies only to Veterans who served in combat.**
- Refer to VJO Specialist or local VA facility to complete necessary paperwork. VA eligibility offices determine eligibility.



VA Eligibility

- Served one day in the military prior to September 8, 1980 with an Honorable Discharge
- Served at least 2 years with an Honorable Discharge after September 8, 1980
- Other than Honorable Discharge – Eligible for Grant Per Diem (GPD)
- Served >2 years – eligible for GPD

*Eligibility is based on each individual's service. Encourage all veterans to apply.



Nikki Balboa, LCSW
Veterans Justice Outreach Specialist
VA NCHCS
Office: (530) 899-6332
Cell: (530) 520-1853
Nikki.Balboa@va.gov



Veterans Justice Outreach Program
VA Northern California Health Care System

Veterans Justice Outreach

They served us. Let's serve them together.

We'll help you meet the needs of Veterans in your courts & jails.

We provide education to justice-system and law-enforcement professionals on the VJO program, VA Services, and Veterans' issues like PTSD & Traumatic Brain Injury.

The VJO serves Veterans who are:

- in contact with law enforcement
- at risk of incarceration
- in jail, detained, or serving a sentence
- involved in adjudication or monitoring

Sherry DeLisle, LCSW

916-633-9622

VA Northern California HCS Sacramento

10535 Hospital Way, Mather, CA 95655

Sherry serves these counties: Sacramento and Amador

Sarah Whitley, LCSW

916-216-5787

VA Northern California HCS Sacramento

10535 Hospital Way, Mather, CA 95655

Sarah serves these counties: Yolo, El Dorado, Placer and Federal

David Shernoff, LCSW

510-587-5002

VA Northern California HCS Oakland

1301 Clay St 270S, Oakland CA 94612

David serves these counties: Alameda, Contra Costa, and Solano

Nikki Balboa, LCSW

530-899-6332

VA Northern CA HCS Chico

280 Cohasset Road, Chico CA 95926

Nikki serves these counties: Glenn, Colusa, Butte, Yuba, Sutter, Trinity, Siskiyou, Shasta and Tehama

To know if a vet is eligible, we'll need his/her name, birthdate, & social security number.

VJO Services for Veterans:

Arranging treatment instead of incarceration (where possible)

- collaboration with courts/judges

Social Work Services

- help with accessing VA benefits
- housing referrals/assistance
- employment services
- residential treatment referrals

Health Care Services

- medical, dental, pharmacy, prosthetic
- inpatient hospital services

Mental Health Services

- trauma counseling
- Vet Center counseling referrals
- substance abuse treatment
- PTSD & TBI treatment



JUSTICE FOR VETS

15,000
currently served
by veterans
treatment
courts¹

5,700
volunteer
veteran mentors
in VTCs¹

354
VTCs in the
US¹

460,000
Iraq/Afghanistan
veterans suffer
from PTSD or
depression²

345,000
Iraq/Afghanistan
veterans have a
substance use
disorder²

181,500
incarcerated
veterans in
the US³

BENEFITS THEY'VE EARNED

SUPPORT THEY DESERVE

The majority of our veterans return home strengthened by their military service, but many struggle with trauma, mental illness (such as PTSD), and substance use disorders. These issues can be exacerbated by the loss of structure and camaraderie found in the military. Veterans treatment courts (VTCs) provide treatment, accountability, and mentoring, and they help connect justice-involved veterans with the benefits they've earned. VTCs save the lives, families, and futures of our veterans while also saving taxpayer dollars.

The most recent study, published by the *Community Mental Health Journal*, found that **veterans who participate in veterans treatment courts experience significant improvement** in:

- ✓ Depression
- ✓ PTSD
- ✓ Substance use
- ✓ Mental and emotional health
- ✓ Housing
- ✓ Relationships and social connection
- ✓ Overall functioning and well-being

¹ U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (2016).

² Tanielian, T. & Jaycox, L. (2008). *Invisible Wounds of War: Psychological and Cognitive Injuries, Their Consequences, and Services to Assist Recovery*. Washington, DC: RAND Ctr. For Military Health Policy and Research.

³ Berzofsky, M., Bronson, J., & Noonan, M. (2015). *Veterans in Prison and Jail, 2011-12*. US Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics. Available at: <http://www.bjs.gov/content/pub/pdf/vpj1112.pdf>.

LEARN MORE: JUSTICEFORVETS.ORG



State of California

PENAL CODE

Section 1170.9

1170.9. (a) In the case of any person convicted of a criminal offense who could otherwise be sentenced to county jail or state prison and who alleges that he or she committed the offense as a result of sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health problems stemming from service in the United States military, the court shall, prior to sentencing, make a determination as to whether the defendant was, or currently is, a member of the United States military and whether the defendant may be suffering from sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health problems as a result of his or her service. The court may request, through existing resources, an assessment to aid in that determination.

(b) (1) If the court concludes that a defendant convicted of a criminal offense is a person described in subdivision (a), and if the defendant is otherwise eligible for probation, the court shall consider the circumstances described in subdivision (a) as a factor in favor of granting probation.

(2) If the court places the defendant on probation, the court may order the defendant into a local, state, federal, or private nonprofit treatment program for a period not to exceed that period which the defendant would have served in state prison or county jail, provided the defendant agrees to participate in the program and the court determines that an appropriate treatment program exists.

(c) If a referral is made to the county mental health authority, the county shall be obligated to provide mental health treatment services only to the extent that resources are available for that purpose, as described in paragraph (5) of subdivision (b) of Section 5600.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. If mental health treatment services are ordered by the court, the county mental health agency shall coordinate appropriate referral of the defendant to the county veterans service officer, as described in paragraph (5) of subdivision (b) of Section 5600.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. The county mental health agency shall not be responsible for providing services outside its traditional scope of services. An order shall be made referring a defendant to a county mental health agency only if that agency has agreed to accept responsibility for the treatment of the defendant.

(d) When determining the "needs of the defendant," for purposes of Section 1202.7, the court shall consider the fact that the defendant is a person described in subdivision (a) in assessing whether the defendant should be placed on probation and ordered into a federal or community-based treatment service program with a demonstrated history of specializing in the treatment of mental health problems, including substance abuse,

post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain injury, military sexual trauma, and other related mental health problems.

(e) A defendant granted probation under this section and committed to a residential treatment program shall earn sentence credits for the actual time the defendant serves in residential treatment.

(f) The court, in making an order under this section to commit a defendant to an established treatment program, shall give preference to a treatment program that has a history of successfully treating veterans who suffer from sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health problems as a result of that service, including, but not limited to, programs operated by the United States Department of Defense or the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

(g) The court and the assigned treatment program may collaborate with the Department of Veterans Affairs and the United States Department of Veterans Affairs to maximize benefits and services provided to the veteran.

(h) (1) It is in the interests of justice to restore a defendant who acquired a criminal record due to a mental health disorder stemming from service in the United States military to the community of law abiding citizens. The restorative provisions of this subdivision shall apply to cases in which a trial court or a court monitoring the defendant's performance of probation pursuant to this section finds at a public hearing, held after not less than 15 days' notice to the prosecution, the defense, and any victim of the offense, that all of the following describe the defendant:

(A) He or she was granted probation and was at the time that probation was granted a person described in subdivision (a).

(B) He or she is in substantial compliance with the conditions of that probation.

(C) He or she has successfully participated in court-ordered treatment and services to address the sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health problems stemming from military service.

(D) He or she does not represent a danger to the health and safety of others.

(E) He or she has demonstrated significant benefit from court-ordered education, treatment, or rehabilitation to clearly show that granting restorative relief pursuant to this subdivision would be in the interests of justice.

(2) When determining whether granting restorative relief pursuant to this subdivision is in the interests of justice, the court may consider, among other factors, all of the following:

(A) The defendant's completion and degree of participation in education, treatment, and rehabilitation as ordered by the court.

(B) The defendant's progress in formal education.

(C) The defendant's development of career potential.

(D) The defendant's leadership and personal responsibility efforts.

(E) The defendant's contribution of service in support of the community.

(3) If the court finds that a case satisfies each of the requirements described in paragraph (1), then the court may take any of the following actions by a written order setting forth the reasons for so doing:

(A) Deem all conditions of probation to be satisfied, including fines, fees, assessment, and programs, and terminate probation prior to the expiration of the term of probation. This subparagraph does not apply to any court-ordered victim restitution.

(B) Reduce an eligible felony to a misdemeanor pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 17.

(C) Grant relief in accordance with Section 1203.4.

(4) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 1203.4, a dismissal of the action pursuant to this subdivision has the following effect:

(A) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, a dismissal of the action pursuant to this subdivision releases the defendant from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense of which the defendant has been convicted in the dismissed action.

(B) A dismissal pursuant to this subdivision does not apply to any of the following:

(i) A conviction pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 42002.1 of the Vehicle Code.

(ii) A felony conviction pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 261.5.

(iii) A conviction pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 286.

(iv) A conviction pursuant to Section 288.

(v) A conviction pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 288a.

(vi) A conviction pursuant to Section 288.5.

(vii) A conviction pursuant to subdivision (j) of Section 289.

(viii) The requirement to register pursuant to Section 290.

(C) The defendant is not obligated to disclose the arrest on the dismissed action, the dismissed action, or the conviction that was set aside when information concerning prior arrests or convictions is requested to be given under oath, affirmation, or otherwise. The defendant may indicate that he or she has not been arrested when his or her only arrest concerns the dismissed action, except when the defendant is required to disclose the arrest, the conviction that was set aside, and the dismissed action in response to any direct question contained in any questionnaire or application for any law enforcement position.

(D) A dismissal pursuant to this subdivision may, in the discretion of the court, order the sealing of police records of the arrest and court records of the dismissed action, thereafter viewable by the public only in accordance with a court order.

(E) The dismissal of the action pursuant to this subdivision shall be a bar to any future action based on the conduct charged in the dismissed action.

(F) In any subsequent prosecution for any other offense, a conviction that was set aside in the dismissed action may be pleaded and proved as a prior conviction and shall have the same effect as if the dismissal pursuant to this subdivision had not been granted.

(G) A conviction that was set aside in the dismissed action may be considered a conviction for the purpose of administratively revoking or suspending or otherwise limiting the defendant's driving privilege on the ground of two or more convictions.

(H) The defendant's DNA sample and profile in the DNA data bank shall not be removed by a dismissal pursuant to this subdivision.

(I) Dismissal of an accusation, information, or conviction pursuant to this section does not authorize a defendant to own, possess, or have in his or her custody or control any firearm or prevent his or her conviction pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 29800) of Division 9 of Title 4 of Part 6.

(Amended by Stats. 2014, Ch. 163, Sec. 1. (AB 2098) Effective January 1, 2015.)



State of California

PENAL CODE

Section 1001.80

1001.80. (a) This chapter shall apply to a case before a court on an accusatory pleading alleging the commission of a misdemeanor offense if both of the following apply to the defendant:

(1) The defendant was, or currently is, a member of the United States military.

(2) The defendant may be suffering from sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health problems as a result of his or her military service. The court may request, using existing resources, an assessment to aid in the determination that this paragraph applies to a defendant.

(b) If the court determines that a defendant charged with an applicable offense under this chapter is a person described in subdivision (a), the court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant's speedy trial right, may place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program, as defined in subdivision (k).

(c) If it appears to the court that the defendant is performing unsatisfactorily in the assigned program, or that the defendant is not benefiting from the treatment and services provided under the diversion program, after notice to the defendant, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether the criminal proceedings should be reinstated. If the court finds that the defendant is not performing satisfactorily in the assigned program, or that the defendant is not benefiting from diversion, the court may end the diversion and order resumption of the criminal proceedings. If the defendant has performed satisfactorily during the period of diversion, at the end of the period of diversion, the criminal charges shall be dismissed.

(d) If a referral is made to the county mental health authority as part of the pretrial diversion program, the county shall provide mental health treatment services only to the extent that resources are available for that purpose, as described in paragraph (5) of subdivision (b) of Section 5600.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. If mental health treatment services are ordered by the court, the county mental health agency shall coordinate appropriate referral of the defendant to the county veterans service officer, as described in paragraph (5) of subdivision (b) of Section 5600.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code. The county mental health agency is not responsible for providing services outside its traditional scope of services. An order shall be made referring a defendant to a county mental health agency only if that agency has agreed to accept responsibility for all of the following:

(1) The treatment of the defendant.

(2) The coordination of appropriate referral to a county veterans service officer.

(3) The filing of reports pursuant to subdivision (h).

(e) When determining the requirements of a pretrial diversion program pursuant to this chapter, the court shall assess whether the defendant should be ordered to participate in a federal or community-based treatment service program with a demonstrated history of specializing in the treatment of mental health problems, including substance abuse, post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain injury, military sexual trauma, and other related mental health problems.

(f) The court, in making an order pursuant to this section to commit a defendant to an established treatment program, shall give preference to a treatment program that has a history of successfully treating veterans who suffer from sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health problems as a result of military service, including, but not limited to, programs operated by the United States Department of Defense or the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

(g) The court and the assigned treatment program may collaborate with the Department of Veterans Affairs and the United States Department of Veterans Affairs to maximize benefits and services provided to a veteran.

(h) The period during which criminal proceedings against the defendant may be diverted shall be no longer than two years. The responsible agency or agencies shall file reports on the defendant's progress in the diversion program with the court and with the prosecutor not less than every six months.

(i) A record filed with the Department of Justice shall indicate the disposition of those cases diverted pursuant to this chapter. Upon successful completion of a diversion program, the arrest upon which the diversion was based shall be deemed to have never occurred. The defendant may indicate in response to a question concerning his or her prior criminal record that he or she was not arrested or diverted for the offense, except as specified in subdivision (j). A record pertaining to an arrest resulting in successful completion of a diversion program shall not, without the defendant's consent, be used in any way that could result in the denial of any employment, benefit, license, or certificate.

(j) The defendant shall be advised that, regardless of his or her successful completion of diversion, the arrest upon which the diversion was based may be disclosed by the Department of Justice in response to a peace officer application request and that, notwithstanding subdivision (i), this section does not relieve him or her of the obligation to disclose the arrest in response to a direct question contained in a questionnaire or application for a position as a peace officer, as defined in Section 830.

(k) (1) As used in this chapter, "pretrial diversion" means the procedure of postponing prosecution, either temporarily or permanently, at any point in the judicial process from the point at which the accused is charged until adjudication.

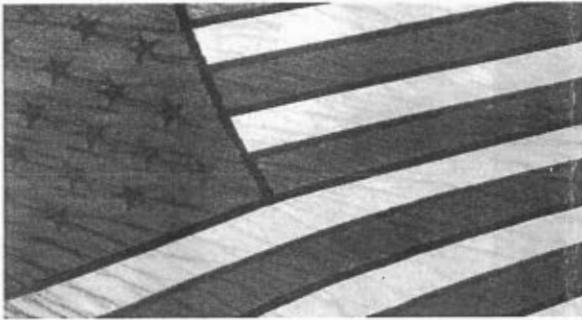
(2) A pretrial diversion program shall utilize existing resources available to current or former members of the United States military to address and treat those suffering from sexual trauma, traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, substance abuse, or mental health problems as a result of military service.

(I) Notwithstanding any other law, including Section 23640 of the Vehicle Code, a misdemeanor offense for which a defendant may be placed in a pretrial diversion program in accordance with this section includes a misdemeanor violation of Section 23152 or 23153 of the Vehicle Code. However, this section does not limit the authority of the Department of Motor Vehicles to take administrative action concerning the driving privileges of a person arrested for a violation of Section 23152 or 23153 of the Vehicle Code.

(Amended by Stats. 2017, Ch. 179, Sec. 1. (SB 725) Effective August 7, 2017.)

Have you served in the military?

Then you're a Veteran,
and we're here to help!



Veterans Justice Outreach (VJO) is a VA outreach program designed to help Veterans involved with the criminal justice system. The VJO provides linkage to treatment services and arranges alternatives to jail time.

Contact the Veterans Justice Outreach Program Specialists to get help or to learn more:

Sherry DeLisle, LCSW

VA Northern CA HCS Sacramento
10535 Hospital Way, Mather, CA 95655
916-633-9622

Sherry serves these counties:
Sacramento, Amador

Sarah Whitley, LCSW

VA Northern CA HCS Sacramento
10535 Hospital Way, Mather, CA 95655
916-216-5787

Sarah serves these counties:
Yolo, Placer, El Dorado, Federal

Nikki Balboa, LCSW

VA Northern CA HCS Chico
280 Cohasset Road, Chico CA 95926
530-899-6332

Nikki serves these counties:
Glenn, Colusa, Butte, Yuba, Sutter, Trinity,
Siskiyou, Shasta, Tehama,

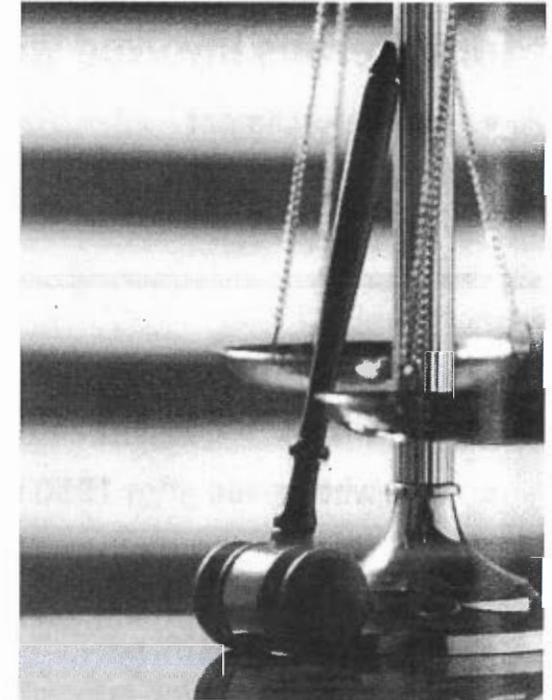
David Shernoff, LCSW

VA Northern CA HCS Oakland
1301 Clay St 270S, Oakland CA 94612
510-587-5002*

accepts collect calls

David serves these counties:
Alameda, Contra Costa, and Solano

Veterans Justice Outreach



**Veterans Justice Outreach Program
VA Northern CA Health Care System**



Find out if you're eligible:

Contact the VJO assigned to the county in which charges took place.

The VJO provides services for Veterans involved with:

- Law Enforcement
 - Courts or the Justice System
 - Jails
-

Who is eligible?

- Vets who served before 1980.
- Vets who served after 1980 for at least 2 years and received an honorable discharge.
- Other Vets may still get help with housing and service referrals.

To know if you're eligible, we'll need: your name, date of birth, and social security number.



VJO Services for Veterans:

Arranging treatment instead of jail time (when possible)

Social Work Services

- help with accessing VA health care
- housing referrals/assistance
- assessment and linkage

Behavioral Health Services

- mental health counseling
- PTSD & TBI treatment
- substance use treatment
- Vet Center counseling referrals

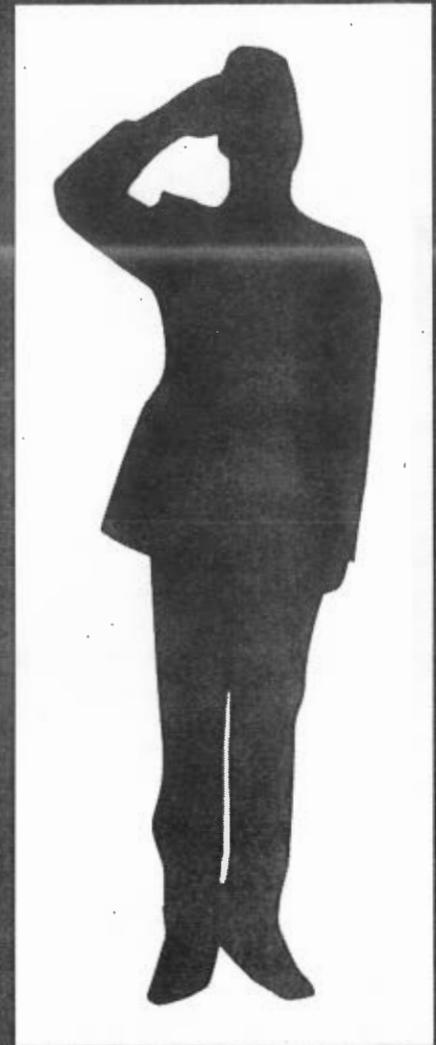
Health Care Services

- medical, dental, pharmacy, etc.
- inpatient hospital services

Other Services

- showers & laundry*
- help in obtaining VA benefits*
- community resources

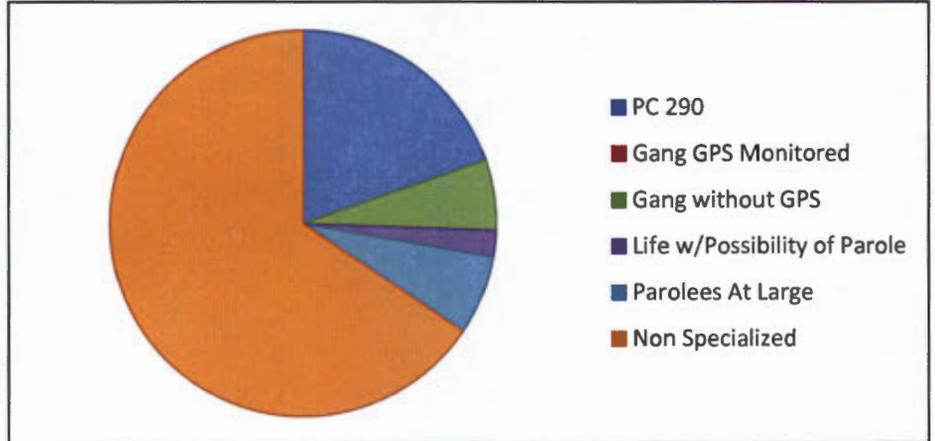
* Services are only available in some locations.



Shasta County

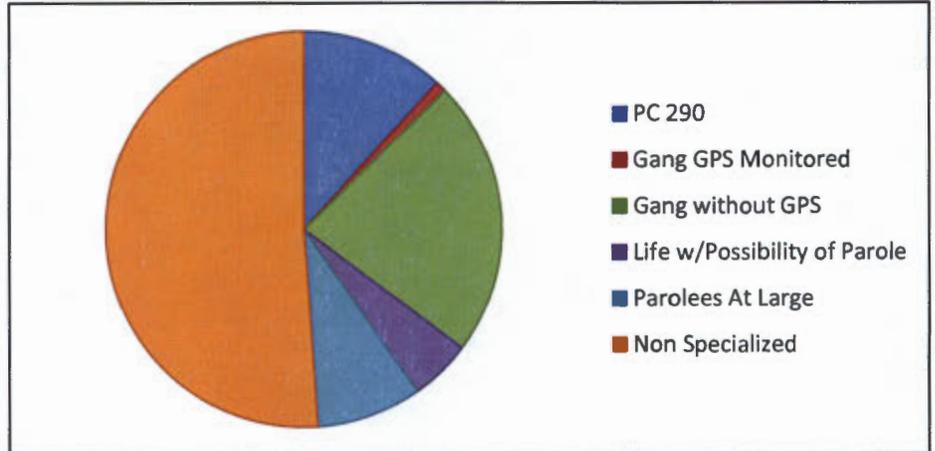
(As of 01/31/2018)

Total Population: 360
PC290: 71
Gang GPS Monitored: 0
Gang without GPS: 21
Life w/ Possibility of Parole: 8
Parolees At Large: 24
Non Specialized: 236



Statewide

Total Population: 50,792
PC290: 5,994
Gang GPS Monitored: 455
Gang without GPS: 11,457
Life w/Possibility of Parole: 2,542
Parolees At Large: 4,379
Non Specialized: 25,965



Please contact the Division of Adult Parole Operations at 916-324-1015 if you have any further questions.

Jerry E. Powers
 Director
 Division of Adult Parole Operations

GEO Reentry Services

Shasta County Day Reporting Center

Save the Date for Our 5th Year Anniversary Celebration

Please join us in celebrating the Shasta DRC's 5 year anniversary. We look forward to celebrating this special milestone with you.

Thursday, April 19, 2018
1:00 pm to 4:00 pm

Shasta DRC
1415 Court Street
Redding, CA 96001

RSVP by ~~April 13, 2018~~ to: Danielle Gehrung
dcaito@geogroup.com or 530.242.5709

Appetizers and beverages will be provided

